

Articles of Association

CHAPTER 4 Meeting Of Shareholders

Clause 33. A general meeting shall be held at the locality in where the head office of the company is located, or in a nearby province, or at any place fixed by the board of directors.

The board of directors may arrange a shareholder meeting via electronic media in accordance with the form and method prescribed by law, including any rules, regulations, orders that are applicable and/or related. In this regard, in the shareholder meeting via electronic media, the head office of the Company shall be deemed to be the place of the meeting.

Clause 34. A general meeting of shareholders shall be held once at least. Such meeting shall be called “an ordinary meeting” and shall be held within four months as from the last day of the accounting year of the company.

All other meetings of shareholders shall be called “extraordinary meeting”

The Board of Directors may summon an extraordinary meeting of shareholders whenever they think fit or one or more shareholders holding the aggregate number of shares of not less than 10 percent of the total number of issued shares may, by subscribing their names, request the board of directors in writing to call an extraordinary meeting at any time, but the reasons for calling such meeting shall be clearly stated in such request. In this regard, the board of directors shall proceed to call a meeting of shareholders to be held within 45 days as from the date the request in writing from the shareholders is received.

In case the board of directors fails to arrange for the meeting within such period under paragraph three, the shareholders who have subscribed their names or other shareholders holding the required aggregate number of shares may themselves call the meeting within 45 days as from the date of expiration of the period under paragraph three. In such case, the meeting is deemed to be shareholders’ meeting called by the board of directors and the Company shall be responsible for necessary expenses as may be incurred in the course of convening such meeting and the Company shall reasonably provide facilitation.

In the case where, at the meeting called by the shareholders under paragraph four, the number of the shareholders presented does not constitute quorum as prescribed by Regulation, the shareholders under paragraph four shall jointly compensate the Company for the expenses incurred in arrangements for holding that meeting.

In summoning of the meeting of the shareholder meeting called by the shareholder according to paragraph four, shareholders may arrange a shareholder meeting through electronic media according to the form and method prescribed by law, including any rules, regulations, orders that are in force and or related and may send meeting notices to shareholders by electronic means. If the shareholder has notified the wish or given

consent to send the letter by electronic means to the company or the board of directors according to Clause 61, In the event that the meeting is held via electronic means, the head office of the Company shall be deemed to be the place of the meeting.

Clause 35. In summoning a meeting of shareholders, the Board of Directors shall make a notice of the summoning of the meeting of shareholders shall specify the place, the date, the time, the agenda and the matters to be proposed to the meeting together with sufficient details by specifying clearly whether it is the matter proposed for information, for approval or for determination, and shall be sent not later than seven days prior to the date fixed for the meeting to the shareholders and the Registrar.

The notice of the summoning of the meeting of shareholders shall be continuously published in a newspaper for three consecutive days and not less than three days before the meeting date or use electronic media advertising methods. according to the criteria prescribed by the registrar instead.

Clause 36. The quorum of the meeting of shareholders shall be necessary for not less than twenty-five shareholders and the proxies (if any) or not less than one half of the total number of shareholders, and in either case such shareholders shall hold shares amounting to not less than one-third of the total number of shares sold.

At any meeting of shareholders, in the case where one hour has passed from the time appointed for the meeting of shareholders, the quorum is not present, the meeting, if summoned upon the requisition of shareholders, shall be dissolved. If the meeting of shareholders had not been summoned upon the requisition of shareholders, another meeting shall be summoned once again and the notice of the summoning shall be sent to the shareholders not later than seven days prior to the date fixed for the meeting and such meeting no quorum shall be necessary.

Clause 37. In the meeting of shareholders, the shareholders may also authorize other persons as proxies to attend and vote at any meeting on their behalf.

An instrument appointing a proxy shall be made in writing and signed by the shareholder and shall be in a form as specified by the Registrar of Public Limited Company with at least the following particulars ;

- a. The number of shares held by the shareholders ,
- b. The name of the proxy ,
- c. The meeting which the proxy is authorized to attend and vote by the instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited with the chairman or the person designated by the chairman at the place of the meeting and before the proxy attends the meeting.

In appointing a proxy, it may be carried out via electronic means in accordance with the criteria prescribed by law.

Clause 38. The chairman of the board of directors shall preside over the meeting of shareholders. In the case where the chairman of the board is not present at the meeting or unable to perform his or her duty, if there is a vice chairman, the vice chairman shall preside over the meeting, if there is no vice chairman or there is a vice chairman, but such vice chairman is unable to perform his or her duty, the shareholders present may elect one of their members to preside over the meeting.

Clause 39. In the meeting of shareholders, every shareholder shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder. In the case where a shareholder has a special interest in a resolution, the shareholder can not vote on such resolution, unless a resolution shall be voted to elect the director.

A vote for any resolution or any approval in the general meeting shall be passed by a majority vote of shareholders who are present and are entitled to vote, unless the resolution which must be passed by a majority vote of not less than three-fourth of shareholders who are present and are entitled to vote for the following particulars;

- a. The sale or transfer of the whole or important parts of the business of the company to other persons ,
- b. The purchase or acceptance of transfer of the business of other public limited companies or private companies by the company ,
- c. Execution, modification or termination of a contract respecting the leasing of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company, the authorization of another person to manage the business of the Company or the merger of the business of the Company with another person for purposes of profit and loss sharing.

Clause 40. The business which shall be transacted in the annual ordinary meeting are as follows;

(1) To consider the report of the Board of Directors which is presented to the meeting the business of the Company in the previous year

- (2) To consider and approve the Company's balance sheets
- (3) To consider the profit allocation
- (4) Approve the re-election of Directors who retire by rotation
- (5) Appoint an auditor
- (6) Other matters